

References in *AJHP* Style

- ___ Includes the heading “References.”
- ___ Do not use automatic endnotes or footnotes functions for entering references.
- ___ Are identified in text, tables, and legends by superscript* Arabic numbers.
- ___ Are typed double-spaced on pages separate from the text and numbered consecutively as they appear in the text. References that appear in tables or figure captions should receive consecutive numbers based on the placement of the first mention of the table or figure in the text.
- ___ Do not include any “unpublished observations” or “personal communications.” (References to written, not oral, communications may be inserted in parentheses in the text or included as footnotes.)
- ___ Have been verified by the author(s) against the original documents.
- ___ Abbreviations of journal titles conform to those used in *Index Medicus* (January issue); they can also be obtained through the National Library of Medicine’s Web site (www.nlm.nih.gov).
- ___ Include inclusive page numbers.
- ___ Are in the style adopted by the National Library of Medicine and used in *Index Medicus* with the exception that only the first three authors (last name and two initials, if available) are listed. Examples of this style follow. Note that “Letter,” “Editorial,” “News,” or “Abstract” is added at the end of references to these types of paper.

Types of references:

- (a) Standard journal article, including electronic journal article (list all authors when three or fewer; when four or more, list only first three and add “et al.”*):
 1. Driscoll DF, Bhargava N, Li L et al. Physicochemical stability of total nutrient admixtures. *Am J Health-Syst Pharm.* 1995; 52: 623-34.
- (b) Article from journal paginated by issue:
 2. Smith DL. The effect of patient noncompliance on health care costs. *Med Interface.* 1993; 6(4):74-6,78,84.

(c) Letter, editorial, or abstract:

3. Stiles ML, Allen LV Jr, Prince S et al. Stability of ranitidine hydrochloride during simulated home care use. *Am J Hosp Pharm.* 1994; 51: 1706-7. Letter.

(d) Book—personal author(s):

4. Briggs GG, Freeman RK, Yaffe SJ. *Drugs in pregnancy and lactation: a reference guide to fetal and neonatal risk.* 5th ed. Baltimore: Williams & Wilkins; 1998.

(e) Chapter or article in a book:

5. Jackson EK. Diuretics. In: Hardman JG, Limbird LE, Molinoff PB et al., eds. *Goodman and Gilman's the pharmacological basis of therapeutics.* 9th ed. New York: McGraw-Hill; 1996:685-713.

(f) Editor, compiler, or chair as author of book:

6. Barone MA, ed. *The Harriet Lane handbook: a manual for pediatric house officers.* 14th ed. St. Louis: Mosby-Year Book; 1996.

(g) Government agency publication:

7. National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism. Eighth special report to the U.S. Congress on alcohol and health. Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 1993; NIH publication no. 93-3699.

(h) Package insert:

8. Zofran package insert. Research Triangle Park, NC: Glaxo Wellcome; 1996 Oct.

(i) Paper presented at a meeting:

9. Saltiel E, Nishimura LY, Shane R. Pharmacoeconomic analysis of enoxaparin in orthopedic patients. Paper presented at ASHP Annual Meeting. Reno, NV; 1994 Jun 7. (Note: Give date paper was presented, not range of dates of meeting.)

(j) Electronic sources:

10. Martindale: The extra pharmacopeia [CD-ROM]. Reynolds JEF, ed. Denver: Micromedex; 1988.
11. Food and Drug Administration. Use of investigational products when subjects enter a second institution. IRB operations and clinical investigation information sheet. www.fda.gov/oc/oha/useofinv.html (accessed 1997 Aug 25).
12. Harrison CL, Schmidt PQ, Jones JD. Aspirin compared with acetaminophen for relief of headache. *Online J Ther* [serial online]. 1992 Jan 2; Doc no. 1.