References in *AJHP* Style

___ Are not entered using automatic endnotes or footnotes functions.

___ Are identified in text, tables, and legends by superscript Arabic numbers.

___ Are placed under the heading “References,” double-spaced on pages separate from the text, and numbered consecutively as they appear in the text. References that appear only in tables or figure captions should receive consecutive numbers based on the placement of the first mention of the table or figure in the text.

___ Do not include unpublished observations or personal communications. References to personal communications may be inserted in parentheses in the text or included as footnotes and should include the contact’s name, the name of the contact’s company or institution, and the date of communication (year, month, day).

___ Have been verified by the author(s) against the original documents.


___ Include inclusive page numbers.

___ Are formatted consistently and according to *AJHP* style, which generally follows the style adopted by the National Library of Medicine and used in *Index Medicus*, with the following important exceptions:

(a) For articles with four or fewer authors, all are listed (last name and two initials); if there are five or more authors, only the first three are listed, followed by “et al.”

(b) In most cases, only the journal’s volume number is listed in the citation. The issue number (typically given in parentheses immediately after the volume number) is not listed unless the journal is known or appears to be paginated by issue.

(c) Aside from capitalizing the first letter of the article, book, or chapter title, use all lower-case letters. Exceptions to this general rule apply to person and place names and other proper nouns, species names (e.g., *Staphylococcus, E. coli*), names of studies (e.g., Framingham Study), acronyms and initialisms (e.g., AIDS, FDA), brand names (e.g., Lipitor), Roman numerals (e.g., phase II trial, part III) and in selected other situations.
Types of references:

Standard journal article, including electronic journal article:


   [Note: Comma followed by “for the” (as opposed to semicolon) precedes name of study group in author list.]


Article from journal paginated by issue:

   [Note: If page range seems to indicate that the publication is not paginated by volume (as in the example above), list both volume and issue numbers.]

Textbook or other book-like reference:

   [Note: Provide specific page range for referenced information.]

Chapter or article in a book-like reference:

   [Note: Provide specific page range for referenced information even if chapter title given.]
Government agency publication (print or online):


[Note: Provide date of publication, if it can be ascertained, in parentheses after document title, as in example 9.]

Drug package insert or prescribing information (print or online):


Information presented at a meeting:


[Note: Designate method of communication (e.g., abstract, poster, presentation) as appropriate.]

Proprietary online databases and mobile applications:


Web pages:

